



CS – 20 NETWORK TECHNOLOGY AND ADMINISTRATION

Objectives:

- Build an understanding of the fundamental concepts of computer networking.
- Familiarize with the basic taxonomy and terminology of the computer networking area and advanced networking.
- Enumerate the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP. Explain the function(s) of each layer.

Prerequisites:

- Basic knowledge of computer networking.

No	Topics	Details
1	Basics of Network, Network Models and LAN Sharing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network concepts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ What is network? ◦ Use of network • Network model: peer – to – peer, client – server • Network Services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ File service, ◦ Print service, ◦ Comm. service, ◦ Data base service, ◦ Security service, ◦ Application service • Network Access Methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ CSMA / CD, ◦ CSMA / CA, ◦ Token passing, ◦ Polling • Network Topologies: Bus, Ring, Star, Mesh, Tree, Hybrid • Advanced Network Topologies Ethernet, CDDI, FDDI • Communication Methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Unicasting, ◦ Multicasting, ◦ Broadcasting • OSI reference model with 7 layers • TCP/IP network model with 4 layers
2	Transmission Media Multiplexing & Switching Concepts Network devices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transmission Media <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Types of Transmission media ◦ Guided media ◦ Co – Axial Cable, Twisted Pair Cable, ◦ Crimping of Twisted pair cable, Fiber Optic Cable • Unguided media <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Infrared, Laser, Radio, Microwave, Bluetooth tech.

B.C.A. (Honours) & B.C.A. (Honours with Research)
(Semester - 3 and Semester - 4)
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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Different Frequency Ranges • Multiplexing & De-multiplexing • Multiplexing Types <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ FDM, ○ TDM, ○ CDM, ○ WDM • Switching Tech. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Circuit Switching, ○ Message Switching, ○ Packet Switching • CABLE NETWORK DEVICES • LAYER1 DEVICES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ LAN CARD, ○ MODEM, ○ DSL & ADSL ○ HUB(Active, Passive, Smart hub), REPEATER • LAYER2 DEVICES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ SWITCH(Manageable, non- manageable) ○ BRIDGE(Source route, Transactional) • LAYER3 DEVICES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ ROUTER, ○ LAYER3 SWITCH ○ BROUTER, ○ GATEWAY, ○ Network Printer • WIRELESS NETWORK DEVICES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Wireless switch, ○ Wireless router, • ACCESSPOINT
3	Network Protocols and IP Addressing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Packets &Protocols • Conn. Oriented protocols –TCP & connection less Protocols - UDP • TCP/IP STACK, HTTP, FTP, SMTP, POP3, SNMP, • TELNET, ARP, RARP, IPX/SPX, AppleTalk, • NetBIOS Name PROTOCOL • L2CAP, RFCOMM Protocol • What is ip address? • Types of ip address • ipv4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Class structure, subneting, super netting • ipv6 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Basic structure of ipv6

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Implementation of ipv6● Migration from ipv4 to ipv6
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Seminar	- 5 Lectures
Expert Talk	- 5 Lectures
Test	- 5 Lectures

Total Lectures 30 + 15 = 45

Reference Books:

- Networking Essential - Glenn Berg Tech. Media
- MCSE Self-Paced Training Kit (Server 2003) Data Communication and Networking - B A Forouzan
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- Data Communication and Networking - B A Forouzan

Course outcomes:

- Understand various types of computer networks
- Enumerate the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP
- Understand principles of LAN design such as topology and configuration
- Apply transmission media and various networking devices to establish networks
- Compare and Analyze various spread spectrum and multiplexing techniques
- Understand network industry trends such as: Routing Protocols, IP Addresses, Error Detection